

VSX-48 Processor Settings for the VersArray VR-112 Neo and VR-218 Subs

N O R M A L Single VR-112 Neo Enclosure

SETUP Button:

VSX-48 Configuration: Make sure firmware version is: 1.0.5 or higher

Input A routed to Outputs: 1, 2, & 3 +4 dBu
Stereo

Input B routed to Outputs: 4, 5, & 6 +4 dBu

Setup Config: CFGO No Crossovers

X-OVER Button:

Outputs 1 & 4: VR-218 SUB

X-Over High Pass / Low Cut – Type: L-R 24 Freq: 34 Hz

Level: *See Chart Below*

Low Pass / High Cut - Type: L-R 24 Freq: 125 Hz

Level Changes w/# of VR-112 Enclosures:

#	1	2	3	4	6	8
(1) VR-218 Sub						
Level	-6.0 dB	-2.5 dB	-0.5 dB	+1.5 dB	+4.0 dB	+5.5 dB



When doubling the number of Subs, subtract –6 dB for each doubling of Subs.

Outputs 2 & 5: VR-112 Woofer

X-Over High Pass / Low Cut – Type: L-R 24 Freq: 100 Hz

Level: 0 dB (Woofer level is 0 dB will any # enclosures)

Low Pass / High Cut - Type: L-R 24 Freq: 2000 Hz

Outputs 3 & 6: VR-112 Ribbons

X-Over High Pass / Low Cut – Type: BESS 24 Freq: 3000 Hz

Level: *See Chart Below*

Low Pass / High Cut - Type: BESS 12 Freq: 18000 Hz

Level Changes to Outputs 3 & 6 w/# of VR-112 Enclosures:

VR-112 Ribbons	1	2	3	4	6	8
Level	+1.0 dB	+2.0 dB	+4.0 dB	+5.5 dB	+6.5 dB	+7.0 dB



EQ Button:

Front End PEQ:

of VR-112 Enclosures

	1	2	3	4	6	8
@ 1.8 kHz	-2.0 dB	-3.0 dB	-3.5 dB	-3.5 dB	-4.0 dB	-4.5 dB
	BW 0.6	BW 0.6	BW 0.6	BW 0.6	BW 0.7	BW 0.7

Outputs 3 & 6: (Dynamics)

VR-112 Ribbon: 36 Volts @ x40 gain = 0.9 Volts = +1.3 dBu = +0.9 dBV
@ x20 gain = 1.8 Volts = +7.3 dBu = +5.1 dBV

Threshold: -2.0 dB	Gain:
Ratio: 20:1	0.00 dB
Attack: 10.000	
Release: 100 mS	[IN]

Delay Button:

No delay settings are necessary for a VR-112 system. However you may want to add delay to the Inputs, to align the FOH loudspeakers to the backline of amplifiers. Usually the delay setting is the distance between loudspeakers and the front head of the Kick drum.

SPECIAL NOTE: These settings have been carefully selected to provide the best performance the Versarray™ 112 system is capable of, and provide maximum sound quality with high reliability. Bessel filters have a non-intuitive frequency setting compared to Linkwitz-Riley or Butterworth filters, and may give the impression that there is a severe under-lap at the crossover frequency. This is not the case, and all factors have been taken into account, including the acoustic behavior of the drivers into the waveguide load. If you have ANY concerns or questions about crossover and EQ settings, please contact Peavey Transducer Engineering.

Notes:

All settings are based on all power amplifiers having the same Voltage gain. All current Peavey amplifier models have a x40 Voltage gain, or +32 dB. Some amplifiers will have a x20 Voltage gain, or +26 dB. It is recommended that power amplifiers that do not have fixed Voltage gain, should NOT be used for a VR-112 system. Amplifiers that are sensitive to to the same input Voltage (such as 0.775 Volts) to reach full power (no matter what the power \ rating) are not fixed in Voltage gain.

The ribbons are wired in Series for a 16 Ohm impedance. If the option to change the wiring to Parallel (4 Ohms) is used, then the HF level is to be reduced by -6 dB.

Other Notes:

VersArray VR-218 Subs are in 4 Ohm mode (woofers paralleled). There is an internal jumper that can be changed to allow individual access via a 4 Pole Neutrik Speakon and 4 Conductor cable.

If the VR-218 Subs are driven to be driven separately, use an amplifier with the same gain as the other amps, the drive level to the separate woofer is the same.

To convert the above drive levels for a single VersArray VR-118 Sub enclosure; add +6 dB gain.

Line curvature or splay between enclosures:

Splaying the line will tend to require more level increase from the Ribbons, and some more cut in EQ at 1.8 kHz.

A uniform splay of 2.5 degrees between enclosures of an 8-Hang array would need approximately +2.0 dB of boost to the Ribbons and +0.5 dB to the Woofers.

A uniform splay of 5 degrees between enclosures of an 8-Hang array would need approximately +5 dB of boost to the Ribbons and +1.0 dB to the Woofers.

The application of ‘J’ Legging of the bottom enclosures in an array, can detract from the rest of the arrays’ summing, while offering little performance gain in the near field. At Peavey we believe this practice to be of little value, unless the array is comprised of more than 8 VR-112 elements. If the user decides on the ‘J’ leg approach, then it is recommended to turn the level down to these enclosures by -6 to -10 dB, to minimize the negative impact to the summing of the rest of the system.

As an alternative to ‘J’ legging, we suggest employing smaller “Fill speakers” on the stage deck to cover the area immediately in front of the stage apron. Since those audience members who may be within this near stage area will hear the instruments well enough from the stage wash, it is further recommend that the Fill speakers be fed from a Vocal Sub Mix or perhaps a vocal mix from any on stage monitor console.

AUX fed Subs

When using AUX fed Subs, or boosting the level of the normally crossed over Subs more than +4 to +6 dB above a truly flat level, the high pass crossover point needs to be adjusted down. For the Maximum Reliability Settings, this would mean crossing the Subs over at 125 Hz (or less) instead of 140 Hz, using a 24 dB/oct. LR crossover. If running the Subs at 10 dB or more above a truly flat level (not uncommon for concert or DJ venues), the high pass crossover point of the Subs needs to be adjusted down to 100 Hz, and some EQ pull-back may be required around 200 –250 Hz.